

## PMKSY

Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) has been formulated with the vision of extending the coverage of irrigation 'Har Khet ko pani' and improving water use efficiency 'More crop per drop' in a focused manner with end to end solution on source creation, distribution, management, field application and extension activities.

PMKSY has been formulated amalgamating ongoing schemes viz. Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP) of the Ministry of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation (MoWR,RD&GR), Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP) of Department of Land Resources (DoLR) and the On Farm Water Management (OFWM) of Department of Agriculture and Cooperation (DAC). PMKSY has been approved for implementation across

The following are the components of PMKSY:

- A. Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme
- B. PMKSY (Har Khet ko pani)
- C. PMKSY (Per Drop more Crop)
- D. PMKSY (Watershed Development)

Out of the above components, AIBP and PMKSY (Har Khet Ko Pani) comes under MoWR. At present, various works under PMKSY (Har Khet Ko Pani) has been proposed by Irrigation Department for the Action Plan for 2016-17.

- Creation of new water sources through Minor Irrigation (both surface and ground water)

- Repair, restoration and renovation of water bodies; strengthening carrying capacity of traditional water sources, construction rain water harvesting structures (Jal Sanchay);
- Command area development, strengthening and creation of distribution network from source to the farm;
- Improvement in water management and distribution system for water bodies to take advantage of the available source which is not tapped to its fullest capacity (deriving benefits from low hanging fruits). At least 10% of the command area to be covered under micro/precision irrigation.
- Diversion of water from source of different location where it is plenty to nearby water scarce areas, lift irrigation from water bodies/rivers at lower elevation to supplement requirements beyond IWMP and MGNREGS irrespective of irrigation command.
- Creation and rejuvenation of traditional water storage systems like Jal Mandir (Gujarat); Khatri, Kuhl (H.P.); Zabo (Nagaland); Eri, Ooranis (T.N.); Dongs (Assam); Katas, Bandhas (Odisha and M.P.) etc. at feasible locations.

### **Eligibility Criteria**

A State will become eligible to access PMKSY fund only if it has prepared the District Irrigation Plan (DIP) and State Irrigation Plan (SIP). Hence Preparation of DIP and SIP are mandatory.

### **District Irrigation Plans (DIP's)**

District Irrigation Plan shall be the cornerstone for planning and implementation of PMKSY. DIP will present the holistic irrigation development perspective of the district outlining medium to long term development plans integrating three

components viz. water sources, distribution network and water use applications incorporating all usage of water like drinking & domestic use, irrigation and industry. Preparation DIP should be taken up as a joint exercise of all participating departments. DIP will form the compendium of all existing and proposed water resource network system in the district.

### **State Irrigation Plan (SIP's)**

The DIP's are to be incorporated in the State Irrigation Plan (SIP). DIP and SIP will provide requisite emphasis on convergence by eliminating overlap of resources & efforts ensuring optimal utilization of funds available through various Centrally Sponsored /State Plan Schemes.

### **State Level Sanctioning Committee (SLSC)**

SLSC already constituted under RKVY and chaired by the Chief Secretary of the State, will be vested with the authority to sanction specific projects recommended by IDWG (Inter Departmental Working Group) and attended by representatives of Government of India.

Accordingly, Executive Engineers of Minor Irrigation divisions have appointed as nodal officers to prepare DIP's for each district.

*❖ For further details, refer guidelines for PMKSY in the website, [pmksy.gov.in](http://pmksy.gov.in)*